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Corpse Bride

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**Corpse Bride (Main Title) • Victor's Piano Solo
Remains Of The Day • According To Plan
Tears To Shed • The Piano Duet
The Wedding Song
Ball & Socket Lounge Music #1 (Band Version)
Ball & Socket Lounge Music # 2
Remains of the Day (Combo Lounge Version - Piano Solo Excerpt)**

WARNER BROS. PICTURES PRESENTS
A TIM BURTON/LAIKA ENTERTAINMENT PRODUCTION "TIM BURTON'S CORPSE BRIDE" SCORE AND SONGS BY DANNY ELFMAN EDITED BY JONATHAN LUCAS CHRIS LEBENZON A.C.E. PRODUCTION ALEX McDOWELL DIRECTOR OF PHOTOGRAPHY PETE KOZACHIK
EXECUTIVE PRODUCERS JEFFREY AUERBACH JOE RANFT SCREENPLAY BY JOHN AUGUST AND CAROLINE THOMPSON AND PAMELA PETTLER PRODUCED BY TIM BURTON ALLISON ABBATE DIRECTED BY MIKE JOHNSON TIM BURTON
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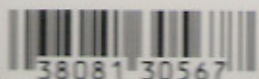


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CORPSE BRIDE (MAIN TITLE)

Music by DANNY ELFMAN

Moderately $\text{♩} = 104$

p

(with pedal)

poco rit.

meno mosso

rit.

Slower $\text{♩} = 84$

mp

Handwritten musical score for 'The Rose Tree'. The score is written on two staves, Treble and Bass, in 2/4 time. The key signature has one flat (B-flat). The melody is in the Treble staff, and the bass line is in the Bass staff. The music is divided into four measures. The first measure has a 2/4 time signature. The second measure has a 4/4 time signature and a 'B8' marking. The third and fourth measures have a 4/4 time signature. The melody consists of eighth and quarter notes, and the bass line consists of quarter and eighth notes. The score is written in ink on aged paper.

The musical score for 'The Little Boat' is presented in two systems. The first system consists of a single staff with a treble clef, a key signature of one flat (B-flat), and a 2/4 time signature. The melody begins with a quarter note G4, followed by eighth notes A4, Bb4, and A4, then a quarter note G4, and finally a half note F#4. The second system is a grand staff with a treble and bass clef, a key signature of one flat, and a 2/4 time signature. The tempo marking 'a little faster' is placed above the first measure of the treble staff. The treble staff begins with a half note G4, followed by a half note F#4. The bass staff begins with a half note G3, followed by a half note F#3. The piece concludes with a double bar line and a final 2/4 time signature.

Handwritten musical score for 'The Rose Tree'. The score is written on two staves, Treble and Bass, with a grand staff bracket on the left. The key signature is one flat (B-flat), and the time signature is 2/4. The melody is in the Treble staff, and the bass line is in the Bass staff. The score is divided into four measures by vertical bar lines. The first measure has a treble staff with a whole note chord (F4, A4, C5) and a bass staff with a whole note chord (F2, A2, C3). The second measure has a treble staff with a whole note chord (F4, A4, C5) and a bass staff with a whole note chord (F2, A2, C3). The third measure has a treble staff with a whole note chord (F4, A4, C5) and a bass staff with a whole note chord (F2, A2, C3). The fourth measure has a treble staff with a whole note chord (F4, A4, C5) and a bass staff with a whole note chord (F2, A2, C3). The score is written in ink on a piece of paper with a light blue background.

Musical score for "The Swan" by Camille Saint-Saëns, measures 1-4. The score is in G major, 4/4 time. Measure 1: Treble clef, piano (*p*), G4-A4-B4-C5. Bass clef, G3. Measure 2: Treble clef, G4-A4-B4-C5-B4-A4-G4. Bass clef, G3-A3-B3-C4. Measure 3: Treble clef, G4-A4-B4-C5-B4-A4-G4. Bass clef, G3-A3-B3-C4. Measure 4: Treble clef, G4-A4-B4-C5-B4-A4-G4. Bass clef, G3-A3-B3-C4. The score ends with a double bar line and a repeat sign.

Moderately ♩ = 104

l.h.

simile

mp

pp

VICTOR'S PIANO SOLO

Music by DANNY ELFMAN

Freely

Adagio, with expression (♩ = 63)

Cantabile

First system of musical notation. Treble and bass staves in G major (one sharp). The treble staff begins with a melodic line marked *mp a tempo*. The bass staff provides a harmonic accompaniment. A bracket under the first three measures of the bass staff is labeled *sim.*

Second system of musical notation. The treble staff features a melodic line with a long slur. The bass staff has a more active accompaniment. A *mf* dynamic marking appears in the treble staff at the end of the system.

Third system of musical notation. The treble staff contains chords and a melodic line, with a *p* dynamic marking at the start and a *mp* marking later. The bass staff has a simple accompaniment. A small asterisk (*) is placed above a note in the treble staff.

Fourth system of musical notation. The treble staff features a series of chords, with a *mf* dynamic marking at the start and a *f* marking at the end. The bass staff has a complex accompaniment. A bracket under the last two measures of the bass staff is labeled *(cluster chords)*.

*F# = G#

REMAINS OF THE DAY

Additional Lyrics by
JOHN AUGUST

Music and Lyrics by
DANNY ELFMAN

Moderately bright $\text{♩} = 160$ ($\text{♩} = \text{♩}^3 \text{♩}$)

N.C.

Gm

mf

D7

Gm

Bone Jangles: D7

1. Hey,...

Verse 1:

Gm

D7

Gm

give me a lis - ten, you corp - ses of cheer, at least those of you who

D7

Gm

Cm

C#dim7

still got an ear. I'll tell you a sto - ry, make a skel - e - ton cry, of our

D7

own ju - bi - li - cious - ly love - ly corpse bride.

The first system of the musical score features a vocal melody in the treble clef and piano accompaniment in the grand staff. The key signature has two flats (B-flat and E-flat), and the time signature is 4/4. The lyrics are 'own ju - bi - li - cious - ly love - ly corpse bride.' The piano part includes triplets in the right hand.

Chorus:

Bbm

Everybody:

F7

Bbm

Die, die, we all pass a - way, — but don't wear a frown — 'cause it's

The second system continues the chorus. The vocal melody and piano accompaniment are shown. The lyrics are 'Die, die, we all pass a - way, — but don't wear a frown — 'cause it's'. The piano part features block chords and moving bass lines.

F7

Gb

F

Gb

F

real - ly o - kay. — You might try and hide, — and you might try and pray, — but we

The third system continues the chorus. The vocal melody and piano accompaniment are shown. The lyrics are 'real - ly o - kay. — You might try and hide, — and you might try and pray, — but we'. The piano part features block chords and moving bass lines.

F7

Bbm

Bbm(maj7)/A

all end up the re - mains of the day. — Yeah, yeah,

The fourth system concludes the chorus. The vocal melody and piano accompaniment are shown. The lyrics are 'all end up the re - mains of the day. — Yeah, yeah,'. The piano part features block chords and moving bass lines.

B $\flat$ m7/A $\flat$ G $\flat$

F

B $\flat$ mB $\flat$ m(maj7)/AB $\flat$ m7/A $\flat$

E7(#5)

Bone Jangles:

yeah, yeah, yeah.

Yeah,

yeah,

yeah.

2. Well, —

our

Verse 2:

F $\sharp$ m

Dmaj7

C $\sharp$ 7F $\sharp$ m

girl was a beau - ty, known for mi - les a - round, — when a mys - ter - i - ous stran - ger

D

C $\sharp$ 7

Bm7

F $\sharp$ m/C $\sharp$

Bm7

C $\sharp$

came in - to town. — He was plen - ty good look-in', but down on his cash, — and our

F $\sharp$ m

poor lit - tle ba - by, she fell hard and fast, — When 'er dad - dy said no, she

Bm Cdim7 C#7

just could-n't cope... so our lov-ers came up with a plan to e-lope.

Chorus:
Am
Everybody:

E7 Am

Die, die, we all pass a-way, but don't wear a frown 'cause it's

E7 F6 E7 F E7

real-ly o-kay. You might try and hide, and you might try and pray, but we

Am Am(maj7)/G# Am7/G F E7

all end up the re-mains of the day. Yeah, yeah, yeah, yeah, yeah.

Am Am(maj7)/G# Am7/G F E7 Bbm Bbm(maj7)/A Bbm7/Ab Gb7 F

Yeah, yeah, yeah, yeah, yeah. Yeah, yeah, yeah, yeah, yeah.

Slower $\text{♩} = 116$ ($\text{♩} = \text{♩}$)

Instrumental:

N.C.

Bbm Bbm(maj7)/A Bbm7/Ab E

Yeah, yeah, yeah.

1.-6.

7.

A little slower $\text{♩} = 112$

C#m

Ab

Instrumental solos

rit.

C#m Ab C#m Ab C#m Bone Jangles: Ab

Yeah, so they

rit.

16 Moderately $\text{♩} = 92$ ($\text{♩} = \text{♩}^2$)

Bridge:

Bm Gb7 F7 Bm Gb7 F7

con-jured up a plan to meet late at night. They told not a soul, kept the whole thing tight. Now her

Bm Fdim7 Bm Fdim7

moth-er's wed-ding dress fit like a glove. You don't need much when you're real-ly in love, ex-

Cm Ab7 G7 Cm Ab7 G7

cept for a few things, or so I'm told, like the fam-i-ly jewels and a satch-el of gold. Then

C#m A7 C#m A7

next to the grave-yard by the old oak tree, on a dark fog-gy night at a quar-ter to three, she was

C#m

Cdim7

F#m

Bone Jangles: She wait - ed.

read - y to go, but where was he? **Group:** And then? And

then? And then? And

Am There in the shad-ows, was it the man? G#m Her lit - tle heart beat so loud!_

then? And then? And

then? And then, ba-by, ev-'ry-thin' went black. 3. Now when she

Tempo I ♩ = 160 (♩ = $\frac{3}{4}$)

Verse 3:

Gm D7 Gm6

o - pened her eyes, she was dead as dust. Her jewels were miss - ing and her

o - pened her eyes, she was dead as dust. Her jewels were miss - ing and her

A7(b9) D7 Gm Gm7/Bb Cm7 C#dim7

heart was bust. — So she made a vow, ly - ing un - der the tree: That she'd

Gm Gm7/Bb Cm7 C#dim7/C# Gm Gm7/Bb

wait for her true love to come set her free. Al - ways wait - ing for some - one to

Cm7 C#dim7 Gm Gm7/Bb Cm7 C#dim7

ask for her hand. — When out of the blue comes this groov - y young man, — who

D7

vows for-ev - er to be by her side. — And that's the sto-ry of our corpse

Chorus:

Bm

F#7

Bm

Everybody:

Die, die, we all pass a way, but don't wear a frown 'cause it's

real - ly o - kay. You might try and hide, and you might try and pray, but we

all end up the re - mains *ad lib.* of the day. Yeah!

ACCORDING TO PLAN

Lyrics by JOHN AUGUST
and DANNY ELFMAN

Music by DANNY ELFMAN

Moderately ♩ = 96

N.C.

F

Fdim

mp

F

Fdim

F

B♭m

F

B♭m

B♭m

F/A

mf

B♭m

F/A

B♭m

A/C#

G $\flat$ F B $\flat$ m Nell Van Dort:

1. It's a

mf *mp*

Verse 1:

B $\flat$ m F/C William Van Dort: N: B $\flat$ m/D $\flat$ B $\flat$ m W:

beau - ti - ful day. It's a rath - er nice day. A day for a glo - ri - ous wed - ding. A re -

G $\flat$ C $\flat$ /G $\flat$ N: B $\flat$ m/F F B $\flat$ m W:

hears - al, my dear, to be per - fect - ly clear. A re - hears - al for a glo - ri - ous wed - ding. As -

G $\flat$ C $\flat$ F B $\flat$ m N: G $\flat$ /D $\flat$ C $\flat$ /E $\flat$ F B $\flat$ m Both:

sum - ing noth - ing hap - pens that we don't real - ly know. That noth - ing un - ex - pect - ed in - ter - feres with the show. And

F7 Bbm F7 Bbm F7 Bbm F7

that's why ev - 'ry-thing, ev - 'ry last lit - tle thing, ev - 'ry sin - gle, ti - ny, mi - cro - scop - ic lit - tle thing must

Chorus 1:

Bbm/Db Gbm W: Ab Db N:

go ac - cord - ing to plan, our son will be mar - ried. Ac -

mf *f* *mf*

Bbm Gbm/A W: Ab Gbm Both: Abm Db Gb

cord - ing to plan, our fam - i - ly car - ried, el - e - vat - ed to the heights of so - ci - e -

mf

Cb N: Ab Db W: Ab Db N:

ty. To the cos - tune balls in the hal - lowed halls, — rub - bing

cresc. *mp*

E^b Fm Em Fm Both:

W:

el - bows with the fin - est, her hav - ing crum - pets with Her High - ness. We'll be

mf

B E B C#m A

there, we'll be seen hav - ing tea with the Queen, we'll for - get ev - 'ry - thing that we've ev - er, ev - er been.

p *mf*

A little slower ♩ = 88

C#m

Bm Em

p

C Bsus Am

rit.

F Am E Maudeline Everglot:

2. It's a

cresc.

Verse 2:

Am E Finnis Everglot: M: Am E Am F:

ter - ri - ble day. Now, don't be that way. It's a ter - ri - ble day for a wed-ding. It's a

mf

F/C Bbm M: Am E Am

'sad, sad state of af - fairs we're in that has led to this om - i - nous wed-ding.

F/A F: B♭m/F E/G# Am Both: F/C B♭m/D♭ E/B Am M:

How could our fam-i-ly have come to this, — to mar-ry off our daugh-ter to the nou-veau rich? They're so

mp

F: M: F E N.C. F:

com-mon. So coarse. Oh, it could-n't be worse. Could-n't be worse? — I'm a-fraid I dis-a-gree. They could be

p *f*

Dm E F/C

land rich, bank-rupt ar-is-toc-ra-cy, — with-out a pen-ny to their name, just like you

mp *mf*

E M: Both:

and me. Oh, dear! And

mp

Am E7 Am E7 Am E7 Am E7

that's why ev - 'ry-thing, ev - 'ry last lit - tle thing, ev - 'ry sin - gle, ti - ny, mi - cro - scop - ic lit - tle thing must

rit.

Fdim G#m7(b5)/F# E/G# M:

go ac -

Chorus 2:

Am F F: E/G# Am M: Fm F: G F Both:

cord-ing to plan, our daugh-ter will wed, ac - cord-ing to plan, our fam-i - ly led from the

a tempo
mf

G E/G# Fm Bbm M:

depths of deep - est pov - er - ty, to the

G C F: G C Both: B Em B Em

no - ble realm of our an - ces - try. And who would have guessed in a mil - lion years that our

E Am E Am E7/G# F G/D

daugh - ter with a face of an ot - ter in dis - grace would pro - vide our tick - et to our right - ful

poco rit.

A little slower ♩ = 76

Fm Bbm/F Fm

place?

mp

Db Bbm/F Db

Victoria:

What if Victor and I don't... like each other?

C Cm/Eb G Ab

M:
Do you suppose your father and I like each other?

Victoria:
Surely you must... a little.

mp

A little faster ♩ = 88

Db Bm G6

M & F:
Of course not!

M:
Get those corsets laced properly.

I can hear you speak without gasping.

accel.

Gm D(b9) Gm

Mar - riage is a part - ner - ship. A lit - tle tit for tat. You'd

D7/A Eb/Bb Eb

think a life - time watch - ing us might have taught her

A♭m
F:

M, F, & W:

N:

that. Ev-'ry-thing must be per - fect, per - fect, per - fect.
Ev - 'ry-thing must be per - fect. Ev - 'ry-thing must be per - fect, per - fect.

*mf*A♭m
All:

E♭7

A♭m

E♭7

A♭m

E♭7

A♭m

E♭7

N:

That's why ev - 'ry-thing, ev - 'ry last lit - tle thing, ev - 'ry sin - gle, ti - ny, mi - cro - scop - ic lit - tle thing must
M, F, & W:

go

ac - cord - ing to plan!

cresc.

V.

TEARS TO SHED

Additional Lyrics by
JOHN AUGUST

Music and Lyrics by
DANNY ELFMAN

Moderately slow ♩ = 72

Dm A7 Dm

The piano introduction is in 4/4 time. The right hand starts with a series of eighth notes: F4, A4, B4, C5, B4, A4, G4, F4. The left hand plays a simple bass line: F3, A3, B3, C4, B3, A3, G3, F3. The tempo is moderately slow at 72 beats per minute. The dynamics are marked 'mp' (mezzo-piano).

Verse 1:

Maggot: Spider:

1. What does that wispy little brat have that you don't have double? She

The musical notation for Verse 1 shows the vocal lines for Maggot and Spider. The piano accompaniment is in 4/4 time. The key signature has one flat (Bb). The lyrics are: "1. What does that wispy little brat have that you don't have double? She".

Dm A7 F7 Dm Cm

Emily: Maggot:

can't hold a candle to the beauty of your smile. How about a pulse? Over -

The musical notation continues the vocal lines for Emily and Maggot. The piano accompaniment is in 4/4 time. The key signature has one flat (Bb). The lyrics are: "can't hold a candle to the beauty of your smile. How about a pulse? Over -".

G7 E $\flat$ F Fm D $\flat$

Spider: **Maggot:** **Both:**

rat - ed by a mile. O - ver - val - ued. O - ver - blown. If he on - ly knew the you that we know.

Cm/E $\flat$ Gsus/D G Fm C7 Fm

Emily: **Spider:** **Maggot:**

(sigh) And that sil - ly lit - tle crea - ture is - n't wear - ing his ring. And she

mf *mp*

C7 Fm Dm A7/G# D $\flat$

Emily: **Maggot:**

does - n't play pi - a - no or dance or sing. No, she does - n't com - pare. But she still breathes air. Who

Gm D7 Gm A $\flat$ Gm D7 Gm

Spider: **Maggot:** **Both:**

cares? Un - im - por - tant. O - ver - rat - ed. O - ver - blown. If on - ly he could see how spe - cial you can be. If he

cresc. *mp* *mf*

A little faster ♩ = 80

Chorus 1:

D7 Gm

on - ly knew the you that we know.

mp

Emily:

D7

1. If I touch a burn - ing can - dle, I can feel no pain. If you

Gm

D7

cut me with a knife, it's still the same. And I

E♭

Gm/D

Cm/G

Gm

know her heart is beat - ing, and I know that I am dead, yet, the

G^b B^bm/F G^b D^b

pain here that I feel, try and tell me it's not real. And it

G^bm D^b7(#5) G^bm D^b

seems that I still have a tear to shed.

Tempo I (♩ = 72)

Verse 2:

Em B7 Maggot: Em

2. The sole re-deem-ing fea-ture from that lit-tle crea-ture is

Dm Spider: Maggot: Spider: Fm C7 Fm

that she's a-live. O-ver-rat-ed. O-ver-blown. Ev-'ry-bod-y knows that's just a tem-po-rar-y state, which is

C7

Fm

Gm

D7

Bb

Eb

Maggot:

Spider:

Maggot:

Spider:

Both

cured ver-y quick-ly when we meet our fate. Who cares? Un-im-por-tant. O-ver-rat-ed. O-ver-blown. If

cresc.

Gm

D7

Gm

D7

on - ly he could see how spe - cial you can be. If he on - ly knew the you that we _____

mp

mf

(♩ = 80)

Chorus 2:

Gm

Cm

D

Am

Emily:

know.

2. If I touch a burn - ing can - dle,

mp

I can feel no pain.

In the ice or in the sun, it's all the

E7 F Am/E

same. Yet, I feel my heart is ach - ing, though it

Dm7 Am Ab Cm/G

does - n't beat, — it's break - ing. And the pain here that I feel, try and

mf

Ab Eb/G E B

tell me it's not real. I know that I am dead, yet, it

mp

C#m D#7 G#m D#7(#5) D# G#m

seems that I still have some tears to shed.

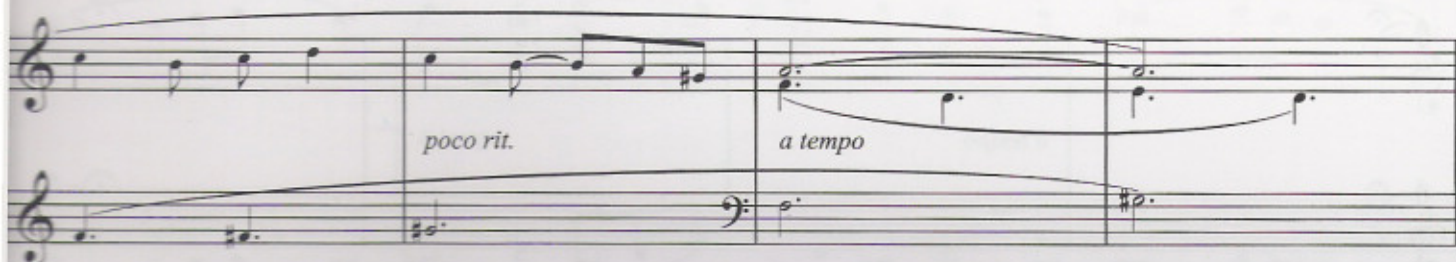
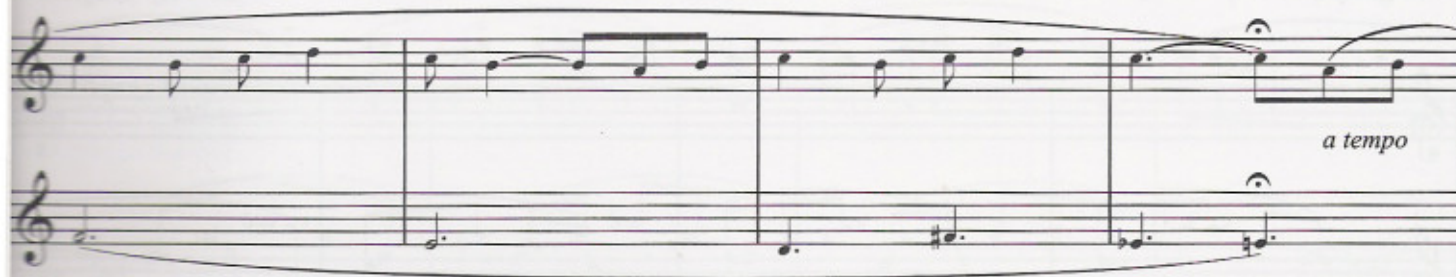
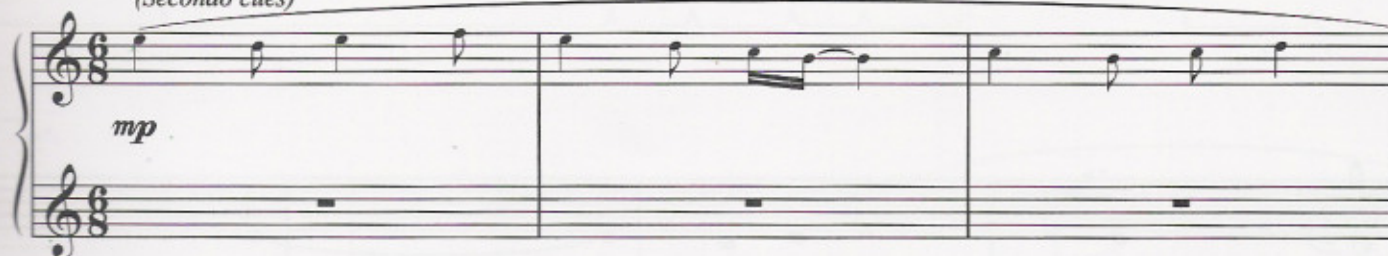
THE PIANO DUET

Primo

Music by DANNY ELFMAN

Slowly, freely (♩ = 44)

(Secondo cues)



(Play)

Brightly (♩ = 92)

a tempo

Slightly slower ($\text{♩} = 80$)

The musical score on page 41 is for a piano duet. It consists of two systems of staves. Each system has a treble staff and a bass staff. The tempo is marked 'Slightly slower ($\text{♩} = 80$)'. The music is written in a key with one sharp (F#) and a 4/4 time signature. The score includes various musical notations such as eighth notes, quarter notes, and chords, with some measures containing rests. The piece concludes with a double bar line at the end of the second system.

THE PIANO DUET

Secondo

Music by DANNY ELFMAN

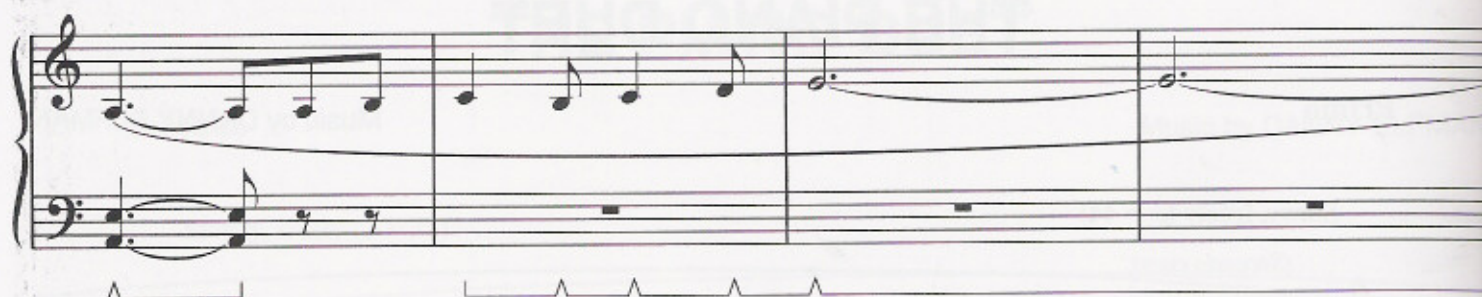
Slowly, freely (♩ = 44)

The first system of musical notation for 'The Piano Duet'. It consists of a grand staff with a treble and bass clef. The treble staff begins with a melodic line in 6/8 time, marked *mp* (mezzo-piano). The bass staff contains whole rests. A long slur spans the first three measures of the treble staff.

The second system of musical notation. The treble staff continues the melodic line with a slur over the first four measures. The bass staff has whole rests. The system concludes with a half note in the treble staff and a whole rest in the bass staff, marked *a tempo*.

The third system of musical notation. The treble staff continues the melodic line with a slur over the first four measures. The bass staff has whole rests. The system concludes with a half note in the treble staff and a whole rest in the bass staff, marked *a tempo*.

The fourth system of musical notation. The treble staff continues the melodic line with a slur over the first four measures. The bass staff has whole rests. The system concludes with a half note in the treble staff and a whole rest in the bass staff, marked *a tempo*. The word *poco rit.* (poco ritardando) is written above the first measure of the treble staff.



Brightly (♩ = 92)



Slightly slower ($\text{♩} = 80$)

The first system of musical notation consists of two staves. The upper staff begins with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). It contains a melodic line with eighth and sixteenth notes, followed by a half note. The lower staff begins with a bass clef and contains a corresponding melodic line. Above the first measure of the upper staff, there is a dynamic marking of 8^{va} with an accent (>) and a fermata over a half note. The system concludes with two measures of whole rests on both staves.

The second system of musical notation consists of two staves. The upper staff begins with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). It contains a melodic line with eighth and sixteenth notes, followed by a half note. The lower staff begins with a bass clef and contains a corresponding melodic line. Above the first measure of the upper staff, there is a dynamic marking of mf and the word "(Play)". The system concludes with two measures of whole rests on both staves.

The third system of musical notation consists of two staves. The upper staff begins with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). It contains a melodic line with eighth and sixteenth notes, followed by a half note. The lower staff begins with a bass clef and contains a corresponding melodic line. The system concludes with two measures of whole rests on both staves.

The fourth system of musical notation consists of two staves. The upper staff begins with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). It contains a melodic line with eighth and sixteenth notes, followed by a half note. The lower staff begins with a bass clef and contains a corresponding melodic line. The system concludes with two measures of whole rests on both staves.

The fifth system of musical notation consists of two staves. The upper staff begins with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). It contains a melodic line with eighth and sixteenth notes, followed by a half note. The lower staff begins with a bass clef and contains a corresponding melodic line. Above the first measure of the upper staff, there is a dynamic marking of 8^{va} with an accent (>) and a fermata over a half note. The system concludes with two measures of whole rests on both staves.

THE WEDDING SONG

Music and Lyrics by
DANNY ELFMAN

Moderately fast ♩ = 140

Dm

Everyone:

Wed - ding, a wed - ding, we're going to have a

Wed - ding, a wed - ding, we're going to have a

wed - ding, a wed - ding.

A wed - ding, a wed - ding, we're going to have a

wed - ding, a wed - ding.

A wed - ding, a wed - ding, we're going to have a

sim.

wed - ding, a wed - ding.

The

wed - ding, a wed - ding.

The

cresc.

D

spi - ders think you're ver - y cute, but, good - ness knows, you need a suit. But

spi - ders think you're ver - y cute, but, good - ness knows, you need a suit. But

*mf**sim.*

Bm

A7

D

A7

D

A7

have no fears, we're quite a - dept. We'll have you look - ing love - ly, love - ly, love - ly, love - ly,

have no fears, we're quite a - dept. We'll have you look - ing love - ly, love - ly, love - ly, love - ly,

D

love - ly, love - ly, love - ly, love - ly yet. A

love - ly, love - ly, love - ly, love - ly yet. A

A7

D

lit - tle stitch, a lit - tle tuck, some ten - der lov - ing care. A

lit - tle stitch, a lit - tle tuck, some ten - der lov - ing care. A

sim.

A

E7

A

lit - tle thread will fix you up and we've got plen - ty, as you see. And

lit - tle thread will fix you up and we've got plen - ty, as you see. And

G

B

E7

A

per - son - al - ly guar - an - tee our qual - i - ty re - pairs. A

per - son - al - ly guar - an - tee our qual - i - ty re - pairs. A

F# B G#

lit - tle here, I'll fix the mess. We're going to do our ver - y best. When

lit - tle here, I'll fix the mess. We're going to do our ver - y best.

ev - 'ry - bod - y sees you, they will all be quite im - pressed. They will

They will all be quite im - pressed. They will

D# B# A# D#

ev - 'ry - bod - y sees you, they will all be quite im - pressed. They will

They will all be quite im - pressed. They will

G# A#7sus A#7 D#

all be quite im - pressed. A wed-ding, we're going to have... A

all be quite im - pressed.

G# A#7sus A#7 D# 2 Skeletons: G# Mrs. Plum:

all be quite im - pressed. A wed-ding, we're going to have... A

all be quite im - pressed.

all be quite im - pressed. A wed-ding, we're going to have... A

all be quite im - pressed.

F#m **C#** **F#m** **Kitchen Staff**
Maggots:

wed - ding cake is no mis - take. It must be quite sub - lime. We're

mp

C# **Bm** **Kitchen Staff Knives:** **Mrs. Plum:** **Maggots:**

miss - ing some - thing. Try some dust. I wish I had more time. Per -

sim.

F# **G** **Knives:**

haps there's some - thing I can do. These bones might help a bit. Oh,

Gm **D** **E** **Maggots:** **Mrs. Plum:** **Maggots:** **Knives:**

my nose! Sor - ry. Wait a min - ute, that's it! Voi - la! A

A F# Maggots: All: A F# All:

lit - tle that. A lit - tle this. The per - fect cake is hard to miss. A

wed - ding, a wed - ding. We're going to have a

wed - ding.

Everyone:

Hoo - zah! Hoo - zah! We're

cresc. *f*

N.C. Gm

Hoo - ray! Hoo - ray!

going to have a wed - ding, a wed - ding.

E $\flat$

Let's all give out a cheer 'cause the

B $\flat$ 7 **E $\flat$** **F** **F7** **Dm/F** **F**

bride is get - ting mar - ried to - day. *Hoo-ray!*

E $\flat$ **B $\flat$ 7** **E $\flat$** **B $\flat$**

One thing you can sure - ly say is we will stand be - side. Un - til the end, we will de - fend our

F B $\flat$ A $\flat$ C/G F B $\flat$

one and on - ly bride. Our bride to be, our bride to be, our lov - e - ly corpse bride. Hoo -

F7

Hoo - rah! Hoo - ray! Our bride is get - ting mar - ried to -
zah! Hoo - zah! Our bride is get - ting mar - ried to -

Slowly $\text{♩} = 66$

B $\flat$ A D A

day. Ah, day.

E A E7

ah. Ahh Ahh

A E7 A F#m7

ooh, ahh ooh, the bride is here. She's wait - ed for this day for

ooh, ahh ooh, the bride is here. She's wait - ed for this day for

sim.

E7 A D A E7 F#m7

man - y a year. For this day, for this day, our hopes and our pride. The

man - y a year. For this day, for this day, our hopes and our pride. The

The score is written for voice and piano. The key signature has two sharps (F# and C#). The vocal line includes lyrics and melodic lines with various ornaments like 'ahh' and 'ooh'. The piano accompaniment consists of chords and moving lines in both hands. Chord symbols (E, A, E7, F#m7, D) are placed above the staff to indicate the harmonic structure. The lyrics are: 'ooh, ahh ooh, the bride is here. She's wait - ed for this day for' and 'man - y a year. For this day, for this day, our hopes and our pride. The'.

D A E F#m
 bride is here. Here comes the bride. Ahh,

here comes the bride. For

D A7 D
 this day, for this day will last for - ev - er. And all of our

A7 D G F#m
 friends will work to - geth - er to make it the per - fect day

sim.

Em D G D A7

she's al - ways dreamed. Our hopes and our pride, our bride, our love - ly

Tempo I (♩ = 140)

D D7 G

bride. We're going to have a par - ty like no -

We're going to have a par - ty like no -

D7 G D

bod - y's ev - er seen. The liv - ing in the land a - bove will

bod - y's ev - er seen. The liv - ing in the land a - bove will

sim.

A7 D C

not know where they've been. The land a - bove, the

not know where they've been. The land a - bove, the

mf

E/B A

par - ty of the bride.

par - ty of the bride.

Majestically

D A

Here comes the bride on her glo - ri - ous day of

Here comes the bride on her glo - ri - ous day of

54

Bm E A

days, up to the land of the

days, up to the land of the

B E Dm

liv - ing to cel - e - brate.

liv - ing to cel - e - brate.

Bb D

cresc. f

BALL & SOCKET LOUNGE MUSIC #1

(Band Version)

Music by DANNY ELFMAN

Moderate swing ♩ = 126 (♩ = 3♩)

N.C. Dm Dm(maj7)/D $\flat$ Dm7/C G/B B $\flat$ m F/A

mf

B $\flat$ m G *tr* Cm Fm Cm/G

Cm A $\flat$

Fm A $\flat$ Cm A $\flat$ 7 G7

1.

Cm Cm(maj7)/B Cm7/B $\flat$ F9/A A $\flat$ Cm/G D $\flat$ A

f

3

2.

D $\flat$ A Dm Dm(maj7) Dm7/C Fm

3

B $\flat$ Dm E A Dm

B $\flat$ Dm/A Dm 3 E A7

3 3 3 3

A m (2nd time - Guitar solo ad lib.) F

mf

Dm F Am F7

Am Am(maj7)/G# Am7/G D9/F# F# 3 Am/E

1. Bb F#

2. Bb F# C#m/G# 3 C#m C#m(maj7)/B# C#m7/B F#9/A#

f

A 3 C#m/G# F#m7 G#7 C#m

N.C.

BALL & SOCKET LOUNGE MUSIC #2

Music by DANNY ELFMAN

Moderately bright swing $\text{♩} = 132$ ($\text{♩} = \text{♩} \text{♩}$)

Chords and musical notation are as follows:

- System 1: $D\flat m$, $D\flat m/C\flat$, $E\flat/B\flat$, $E\flat$. *mf* (with pedal). Triplet of eighth notes in the bass line.
- System 2: $F\flat$, $E\flat m$, $F7/C$, $B\flat$. Triplet of eighth notes in the treble line.
- System 3: $E\flat m$, $E\flat m/D\flat$, $C\flat$, $B\flat 7$, $A\flat m$, $E\flat m/G\flat$. Triplet of eighth notes in the treble line.
- System 4: F/C , $B\flat$, $A\flat m$, $G\flat$, $B\flat 7$, $E\flat m$. Triplet of eighth notes in the treble line.
- System 5: $D\flat m$, Dm , $Fm/A\flat$, $C7/G$, Fm , $G\flat$, $D\flat$. Triplet of eighth notes in the treble line.

REMAINS OF THE DAY

The musical score is written for piano and bass. It consists of five systems of two staves each. The key signature has four flats (B-flat, E-flat, A-flat, D-flat). The tempo is marked 'Ball & Sockel Lounge Music #2 - 3 - 2'.

System 1: Chords: Bbm, Bb7, Abm, Ebm/Gb, Fb, Eb. The piano part features a triplet of eighth notes in the first measure.

System 2: Chords: Dbm, Gb, F7, Bb7. The piano part features a triplet of eighth notes in the third measure.

System 3: Chords: Ebm, Ebm/Db, Abm, Bb. The piano part features a triplet of eighth notes in the third measure.

System 4: Chords: Abm, Ebm/Gb, F/C, Bb7. The piano part features a triplet of eighth notes in the third measure.

System 5: Chords: Gm, Gm/F, Eb, D, Cm, Gm/Bb. The piano part features a triplet of eighth notes in the third measure. Dynamics: *f* (forte) in the first measure, *mf* (mezzo-forte) in the fifth measure.

A7/C# D7 F7/C B $\flat$ Adim Gm
 Fm F#m Am E7 Am
 B $\flat$ F Dm D
 Gm Gm/F Ab/E $\flat$ B $\flat$ Ab Gm
 D D7 Gm N.C.
 dim. mp p

REMAINS OF THE DAY

(Combo Lounge version - Piano solo excerpt)

Music by DANNY ELFMAN

Moderately fast shuffle ♩ = 132 (♩ = ♩♩)

The musical score is written for piano solo in 4/4 time. It begins with a *mf* dynamic. The first system contains measures with F#m, C#7, and F#m chords. The second system includes C#7, Bm, F#m, Bm, and C#7 chords, featuring a triplet in the right hand. The third system has an F#m chord. The fourth system includes C7 and C#7 chords, with a triplet and a *cresc.* marking. The final system features Am, E7, and Am chords, starting with a *f* dynamic and an accent mark.

E7 F9 E9 F E

E7 Am Am(maj7)

Am7 F7 E7(b9) Am Am(maj7) Am7 F7 E7

Bbm Bbm(maj7) Bbm7 Gb7 F7

Bbm Bbm(maj7) Bbm7 E7 (end solo)

Moon Dance

Music by
DANNY ELFMAN

Flowing $\text{♩} = 112$

The musical score for "Moon Dance" is written for voice and piano. It begins with a tempo marking of "Flowing" and a quarter note equal to 112 beats per minute. The key signature has two flats (B-flat and E-flat), and the time signature is 2/4. The score is divided into four systems, each with a vocal line and a piano accompaniment.

System 1: The vocal line starts with a whole note G, marked with the chord *Gm*. The piano accompaniment features a series of eighth notes in the right hand and a bass line in the left hand, marked *L.H.* and *with pedal*. The system ends with a whole note G, marked *El/G*.

System 2: The vocal line continues with a whole note G, marked *Gm*. The piano accompaniment features a series of eighth notes in the right hand and a bass line in the left hand. The system ends with a whole note G, marked *Gm*.

System 3: The vocal line continues with a whole note G, marked *Gm*. The piano accompaniment features a series of eighth notes in the right hand and a bass line in the left hand. The system ends with a whole note G, marked *Gm*.

System 4: The vocal line continues with a whole note G, marked *Gm*. The piano accompaniment features a series of eighth notes in the right hand and a bass line in the left hand. The system ends with a whole note G, marked *Gm*.

Chords and markings throughout the score include: *Gm*, *El/G*, *L.H.*, *with pedal*, *gliss.*, *Aah.*, *Dm7/F*, *D/F#*, *Cm/G*, and *Gm*.

Gm

Cm/E $\flat$

Dm/F

Cm/E $\flat$

First system of music, measures 1-6. The vocal line starts with a melody in G minor (two flats) over a 2/4 time signature. The lyrics are "(Do, do do do do do do). Aah. _____". The piano accompaniment features a steady eighth-note pattern in the right hand and a bass line in the left hand.

Gm

Dm/F

D/F $\sharp$

Second system of music, measures 7-9. The vocal line continues with a sustained note. The piano accompaniment changes to a 4/4 time signature in measure 8 and back to 2/4 in measure 9. The right hand has chords and moving lines, while the left hand plays a rhythmic pattern.

E $\flat$ /G

Gm

D

Third system of music, measures 10-14. The vocal line has rests in measures 10-12 and then a note in measure 13. The piano accompaniment changes time signatures: 2/4, 3/4, 2/4, 3/4, and 4/4. The right hand has chords and moving lines, while the left hand plays a rhythmic pattern.

Am

Fourth system of music, measures 15-17. The vocal line has rests in measures 15-16 and then a note in measure 17 with the lyrics "(Aah.) —". The piano accompaniment is in 4/4 time. The right hand has chords and moving lines, while the left hand plays a rhythmic pattern. A glissando (gliss.) is marked in the right hand in measure 17.

3

C Dm D

Aah.

F#m D/G# A E/B

C#m

From: "Tim Burton's Corpse Bride"

The Piano Duet

From Warner Bros. Pictures "Corpse Bride"

by

DANNY ELFMAN

Arranged by MUSICNOTES.COM

for **Piano**

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From Warner Bros. Pictures' CORPSE BRIDE

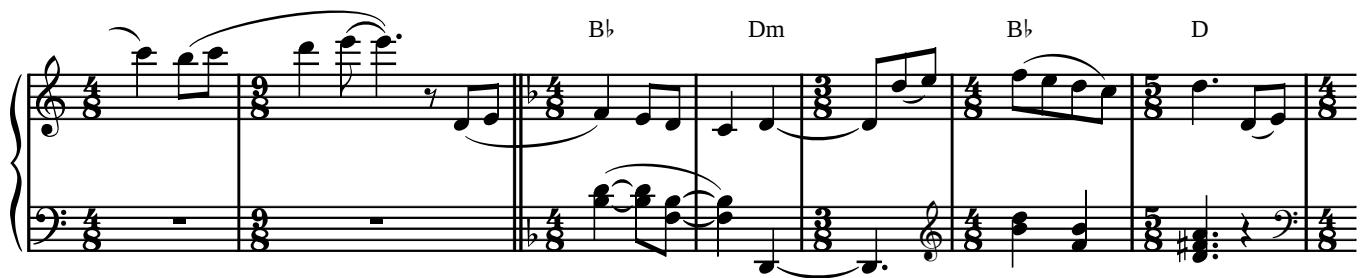
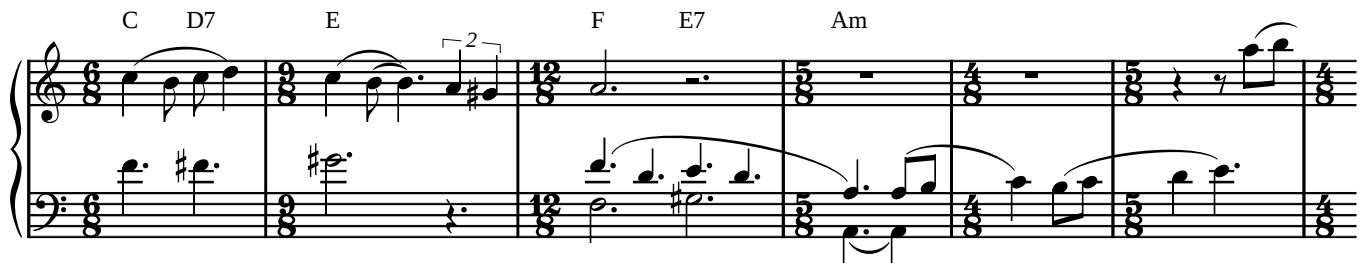
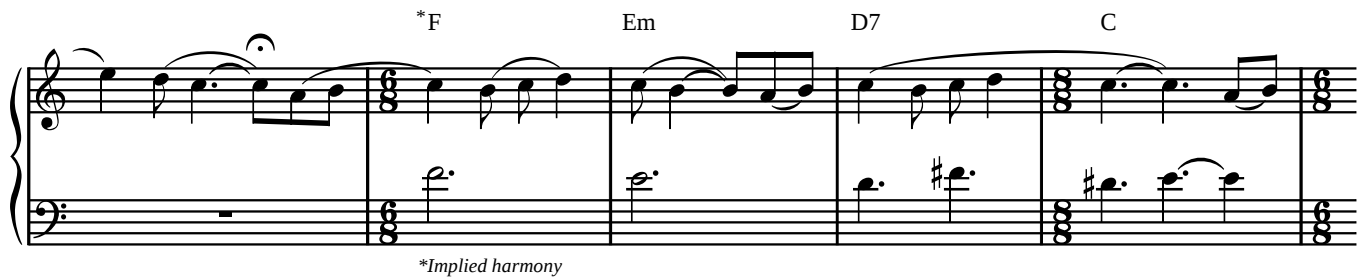
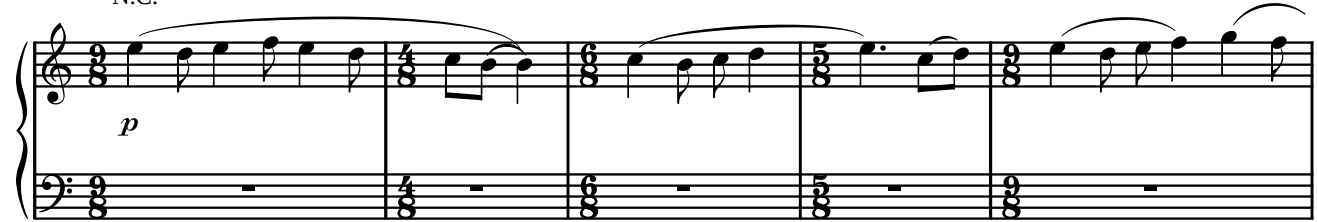
THE PIANO DUET

(condensed for solo piano*)

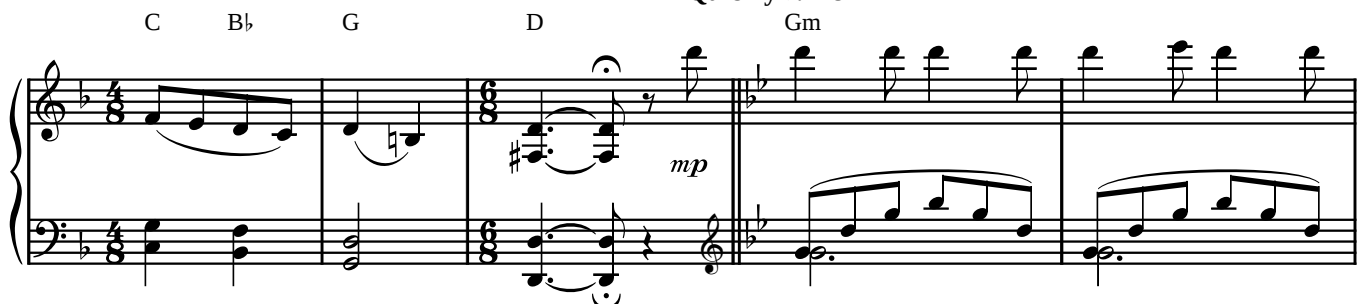
Music by
DANNY ELFMAN

Quasi rubato ♩ = 120

N.C.



Quickly ♩ = 84



*This version includes all notes as played in the duet (reduced pitches), though a solo performance will require omission or octave substitution.

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2

F B $\flat$ Cm Gm E $\flat$

cresc.

Gm Am7 D Dm

mf *p*

Dm/A Dm Am/E

Sub. *mf*
Theme (stems up)

(performance pitch)

F Gm F B $\flat$ /D

Theme (stems down)

3

B $\flat$ C N.C.

tr